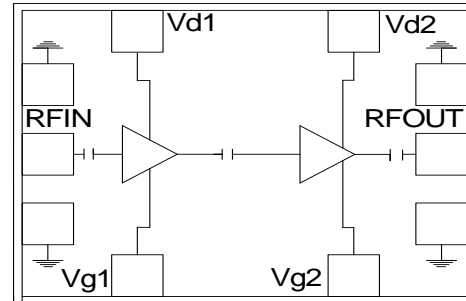


Ku-Band Medium Power Amplifier

Features

- ◆ Frequency Range : 15 - 18GHz
- ◆ 25 dBm output Psat
- ◆ 13 dB Power gain
- ◆ 25% PAE
- ◆ High IP3
- ◆ Dual bias operation
- ◆ No external matching required
- ◆ DC decoupled input and output
- ◆ 0.5 μm InGaAs pHEMT Technology
- ◆ Chip dimension: 1.7 x 1.7 x 0.1 mm

Functional Diagram



Typical Applications

- ◆ RADAR
- ◆ Military & space
- ◆ LMDS, VSAT

Description

The ASL4033 is a Ku-band Power amplifier with 25dBm power output. The PA uses 2 stages of amplification and operates in 15 - 18 GHz frequency range with Small Signal Gain of 13dB. The PA has a high IP3 of 35dBm and 25% PAE. The chip operates with dual bias supply voltage. The die is fabricated using a reliable 0.5 μm InGaAs pHEMT technology. The Circuit grounds are provided through vias to the backside metallization.

Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾

| Parameter | Absolute Maximum | Units |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-------|
| Drain bias voltage (Vd) | +10 | volts |
| Drain current (Idq) | 200 | mA |
| RF input power (RFin at Vd=9V) | 23 | dBm |
| Operating temperature | -50 to +85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 | °C |

1. Operation beyond these limits may cause permanent damage to the component

Electrical Specifications ⁽¹⁾ @ T_A = 25 °C, V_{d1} = V_{d2} = 8V, V_{g1} = V_{g2} = -0.9V, Z_o = 50

RF Performance measured without off-chip matching :

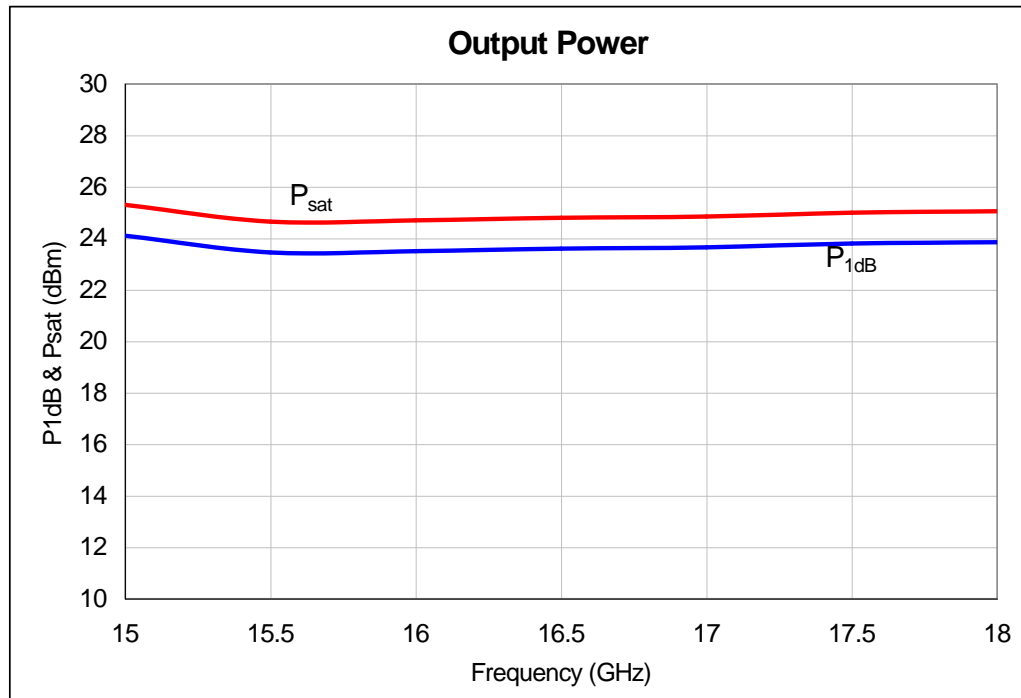
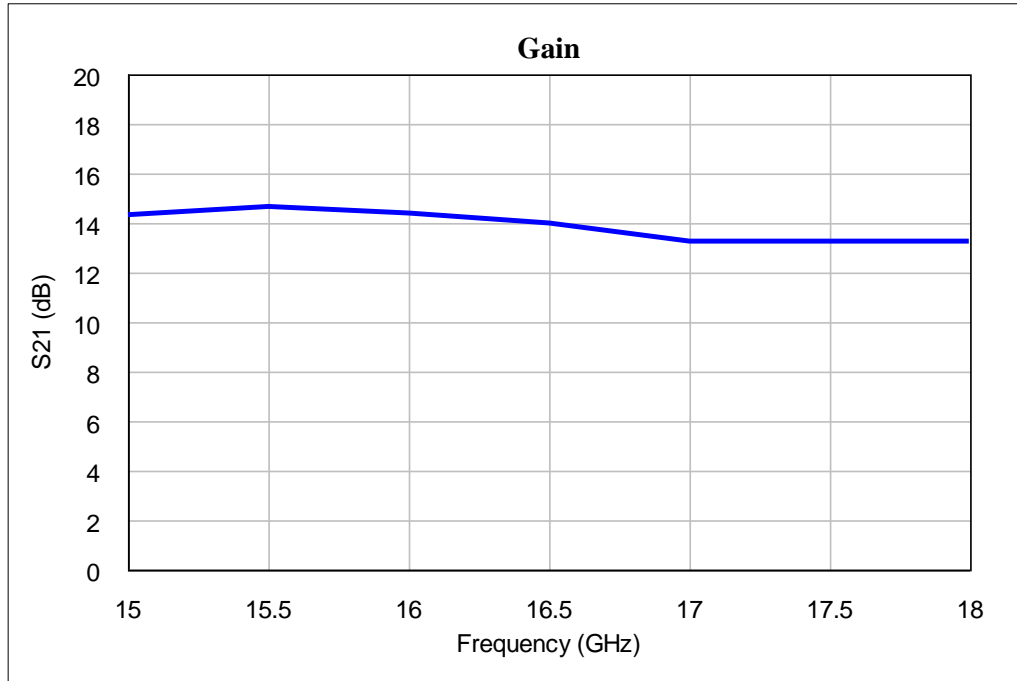
| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|------------------------------------|------|---------|------|-------|
| Frequency Range | -- | 15 - 18 | -- | GHz |
| Gain | 11.5 | 13 | -- | dB |
| Gain Flatness | -- | +/-0.75 | -- | dB |
| Output Power (P1 dB) | 22 | 23 | -- | dBm |
| Input Return Loss | -- | 8 | -- | dB |
| Output Return Loss | -- | 8 | -- | dB |
| Saturated output power (Psat) | 24 | 25 | -- | dBm |
| Output Third Order Intercept (IP3) | -- | 35 | -- | dBm |
| Power Added Efficiency (PAE) | -- | 25% | -- | -- |
| Supply Current (Idq) | -- | 83 | -- | mA |

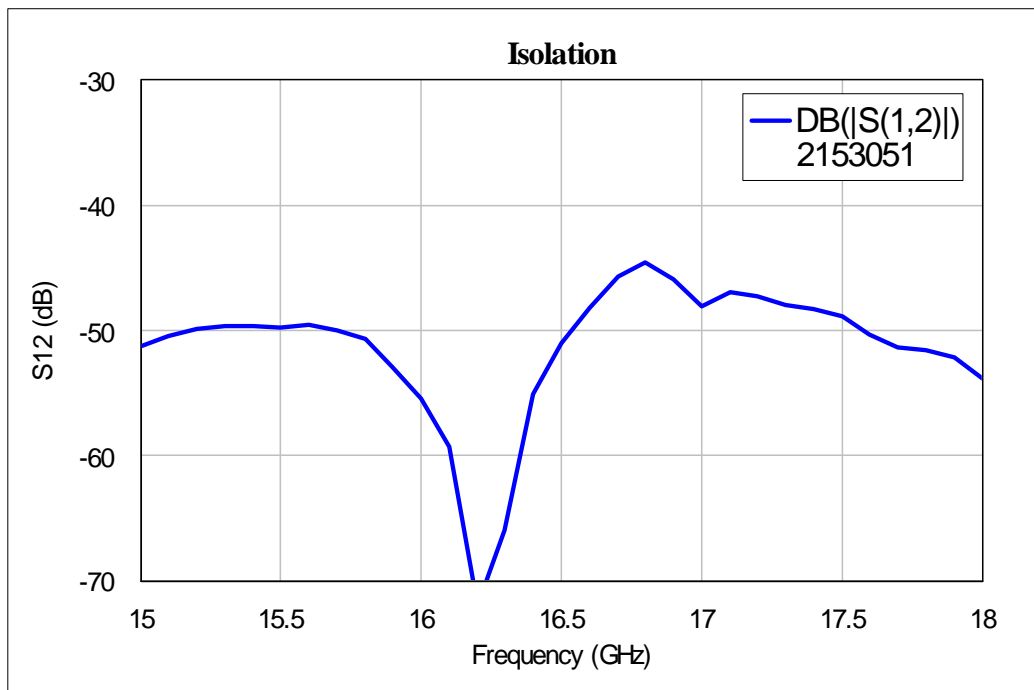
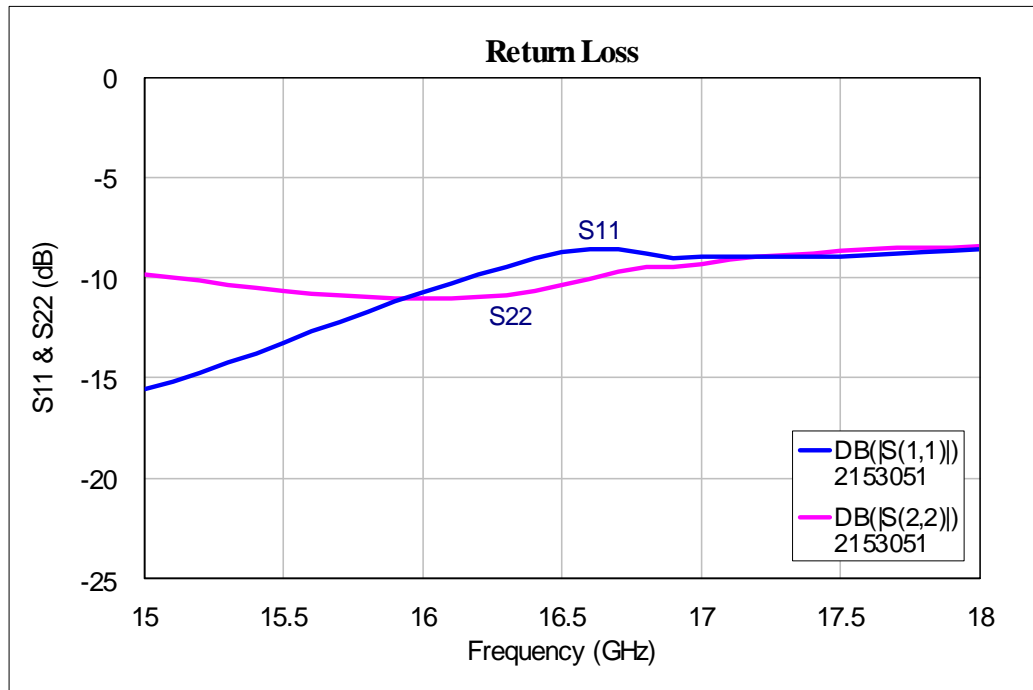
RF Performance measured with open stub at output:

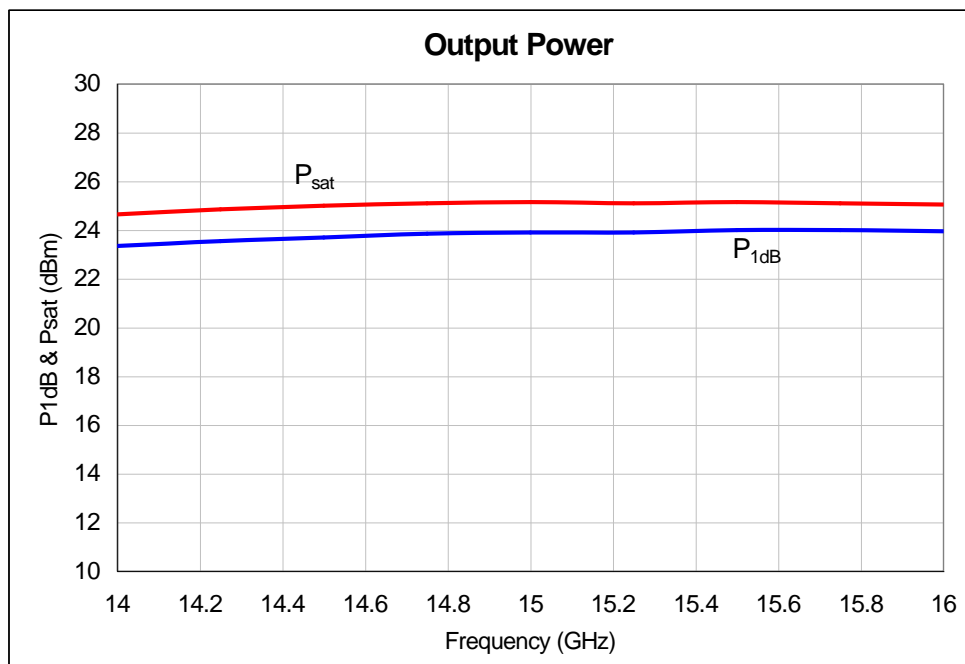
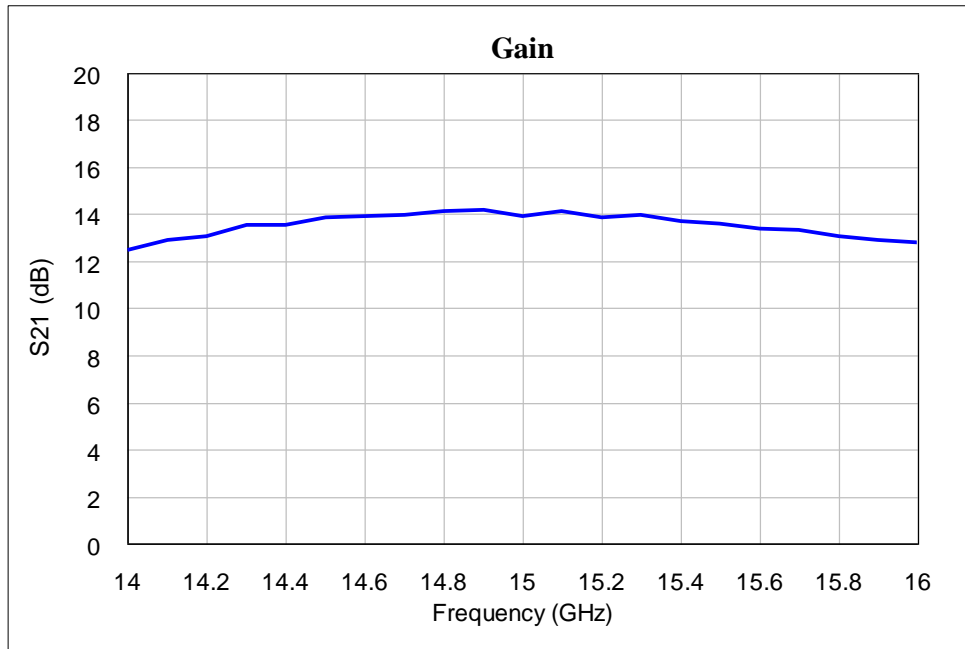
| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|------------------------------------|------|---------|------|-------|
| Frequency Range | -- | 14 - 15 | -- | GHz |
| Gain | 11.5 | 13 | -- | dB |
| Gain Flatness | -- | +/-0.5 | -- | dB |
| Output Power (P1 dB) | 22 | 23 | -- | dBm |
| Input Return Loss | -- | 10 | -- | dB |
| Output Return Loss | -- | 15 | -- | dB |
| Saturated output power (Psat) | 23.5 | 24.5 | -- | dBm |
| Output Third Order Intercept (IP3) | -- | 35 | -- | dBm |
| Power Added Efficiency (PAE) | -- | 25% | -- | -- |
| Supply Current (Idq) | -- | 83 | -- | mA |

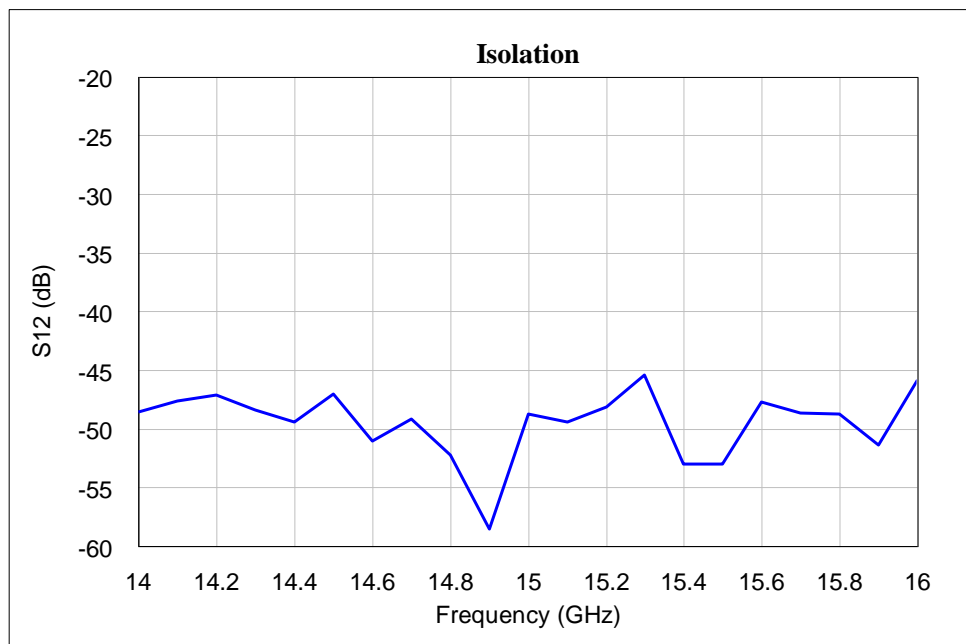
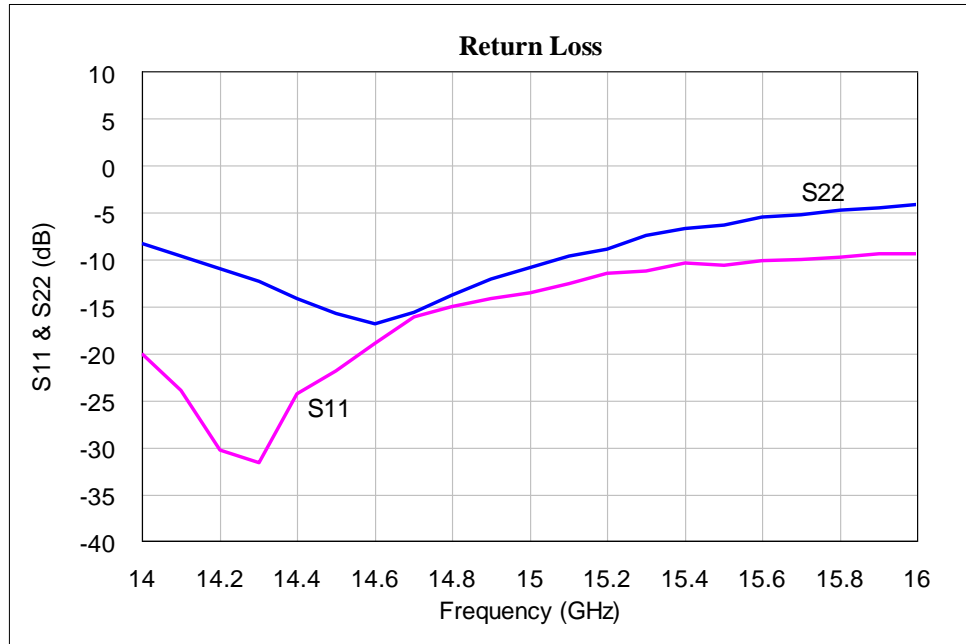
Note:

1. Electrical specifications as measured in test fixture.
2. RF Performance is between 15-18 GHz unless otherwise stated. However, an open stub is required to be used at output (as mentioned in assembly diagram) to achieve optimum performance over 14-15 GHz frequency.

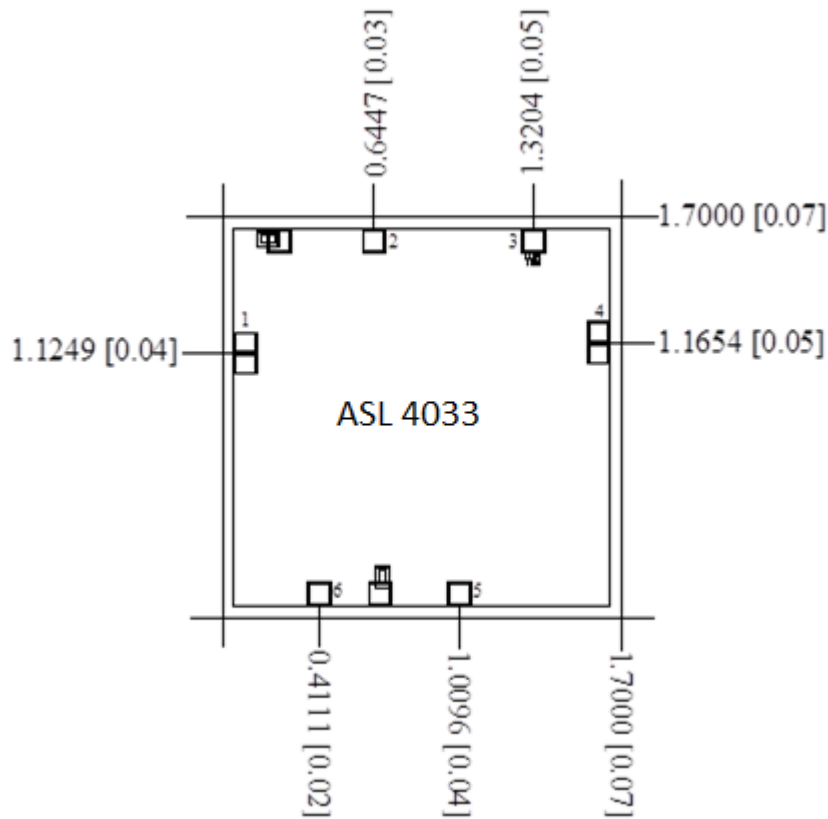
Test fixture data (measured without open stub):
 $V_{d1} = V_{d2} = 8V$, $V_{g1} = V_{g2} = -0.9V$, Total Current (I_{dq}) = 83mA, $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$


Test fixture data (measured without open stub):
 $V_{d1} = V_{d2} = 8V$, $V_{g1} = V_{g2} = -0.9V$, Total Current (I_{dq}) = 83mA, $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$


Test fixture data (measured with open stub at output):
 $V_{d1} = V_{d2} = 8V, V_{g1} = V_{g2} = -0.9V, I_{dq} = 83\text{ mA}, T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$


Test fixture data (measured with open stub at output):
 $V_{d1} = V_{d2} = 8V, V_{g1} = V_{g2} = -0.9V, I_{dq} = 83\text{ mA}, T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$


Bond Pad Locations



Units: millimeters (inches)

Note:

1. All RF and DC bond pads are 100 μ m x 100 μ m
2. Pad no. 1 : RF IN
3. Pad no. 2 : 1st stage drain voltage(V_{d1})
4. Pad no. 4 : RF Out
5. Pad no. 3 : 2nd stage drain voltage(V_{d2})
6. Pad no. 5 : 2nd stage gate voltage(V_{g2})
7. Pad no. 6 : 1st stage gate voltage (V_{g1})

Recommended Assembly Diagram :

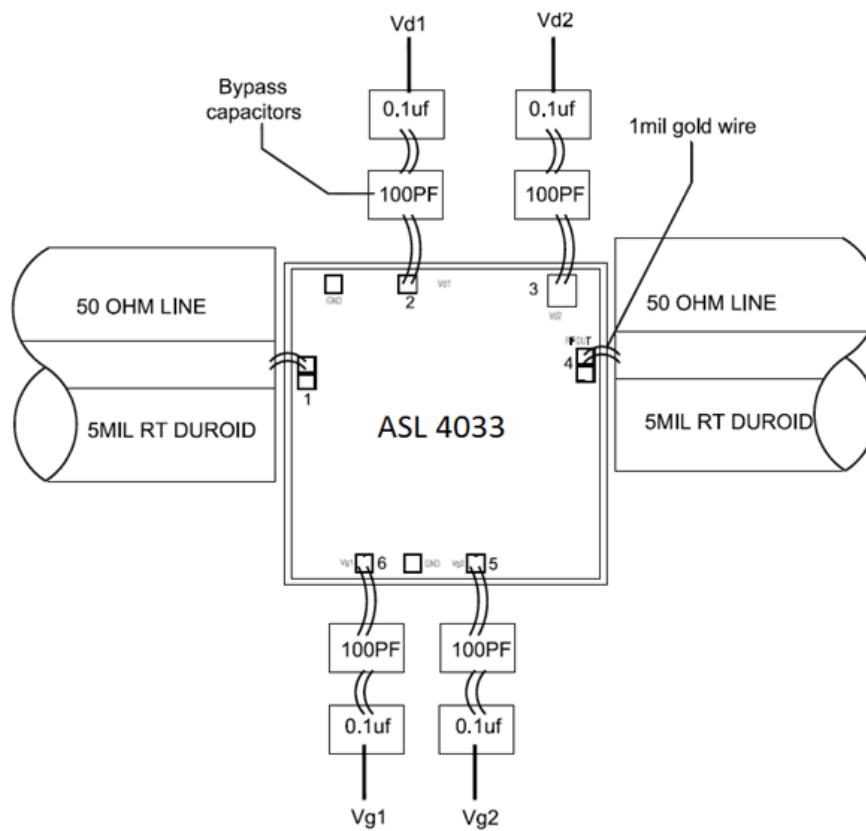


Fig : Assembly Drawing without off-chip matching

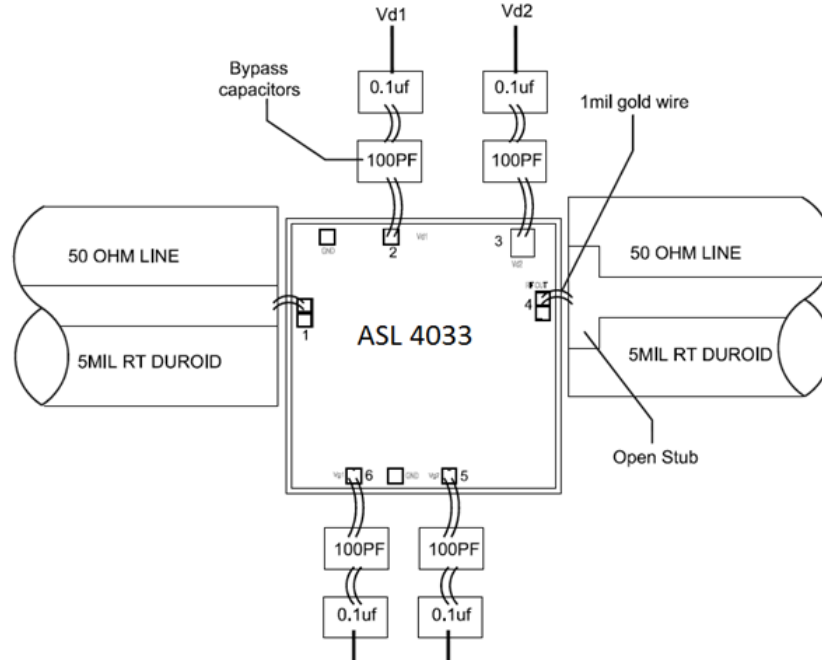


Fig : Assembly Drawing with Open Stub at Output.

Note :

1. An output stub with a width of 0.25mm and length of 4mm to be used at output immediate to the chip to get optimum performance at 14-15GHz frequency band.
2. Two 1 mil (0.0254mm) bond wires of minimum length should be used for RF input and output.
3. Two 1 mil (0.0254mm) bond wires of minimum length should be used from chip bond pad to 100pF capacitor.
4. Input and output 50 ohm lines are on 5 mil RT Duroid substrate
5. 1 μ F capacitors may be additionally used as a second level of bypass for reliable operation
6. The RF input & output ports are DC decoupled on-chip.

Die attach: For Epoxy attachment, use of a two-component conductive epoxy is recommended. An epoxy fillet should be visible around the total die periphery. If Eutectic attachment is preferred, use of fluxless AuSn (80/20) 1-2 mil thick preform solder is recommended. Use of AuGe preform should be strictly avoided.

Wire bonding: For DC pad connections use either ball or wedge bonds. For best RF performance, use of 150 - 200 μ m length of wedge bonds is advised. Single Ball bonds of 250-300 μ m though acceptable, may cause a deviation in RF performance.



GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to Electrostatic discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly & testing

All information and Specifications are subject to change without prior notice