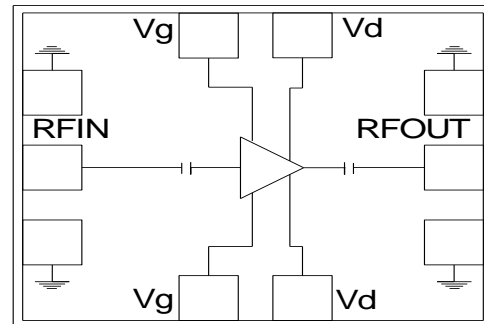


4.4 – 6.6 GHz 2 Watt Power Amplifier

Features

- ◆ Frequency Range : 4.4 – 6.6 GHz
- ◆ 33.5 dBm output P1dB
- ◆ 10.5 dB Power gain
- ◆ 30% PAE
- ◆ High IP3
- ◆ Input Return Loss > 10 dB
- ◆ Output Return Loss > 22 dB
- ◆ Dual bias operation
- ◆ No external matching required
- ◆ DC decoupled input and output
- ◆ 0.5 μ m InGaAs pHEMT Technology
- ◆ Chip dimension: 1.9 x 2.4 x 0.1 mm

Functional Diagram



Typical Applications

- ◆ RADAR
- ◆ Military & space
- ◆ LMDS, VSAT

Description

The ASL4001 is a C-band Power amplifier with 33.5dBm power output. The PA operates in 4.4 – 6.6 GHz frequency range. The PA features 10.5 dB of gain with input and output return losses of 10 dB and 22 dB respectively. The PA has a high IP3 of 43dBm and 30% PAE. This feature enables it to be used in the applications requiring efficiency along with linearity. The chip operates with dual bias supply voltage. The die is fabricated using a reliable 0.5 μ m InGaAs pHEMT technology. The Circuit grounds are provided through vias to the backside metallization.

Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾

Parameter	Absolute Maximum	Units
Drain bias voltage (Vd)	+11	volts
Drain current (Idq)	850	mA
RF input power (RFIn at Vd=9V)	32	dBm
Operating temperature	-50 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

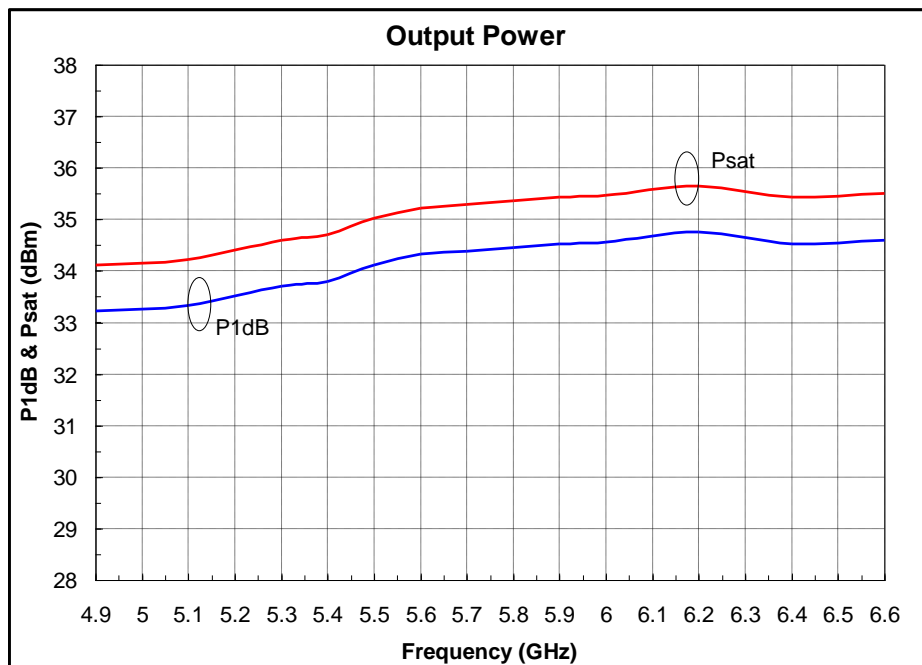
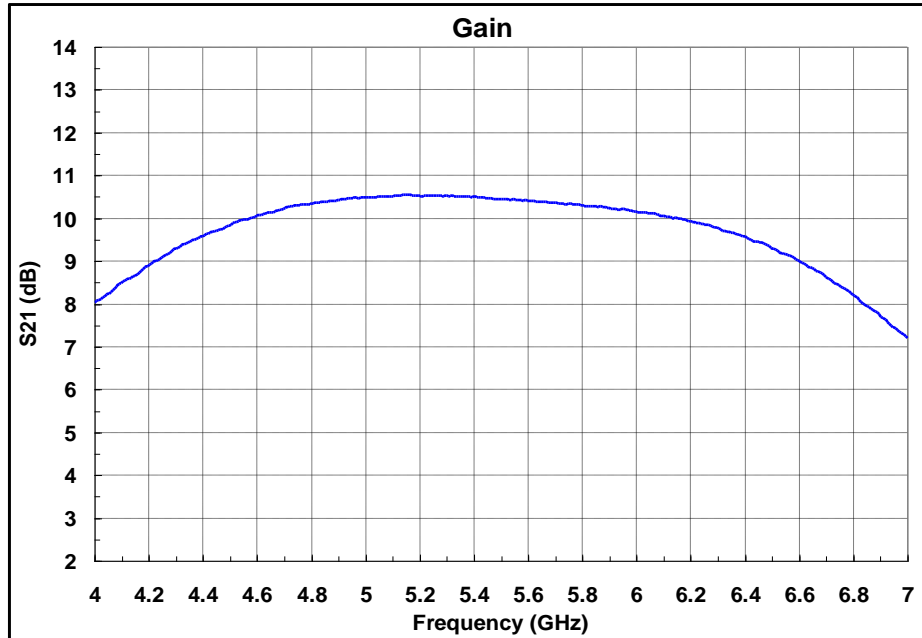
1. Operation beyond these limits may cause permanent damage to the component

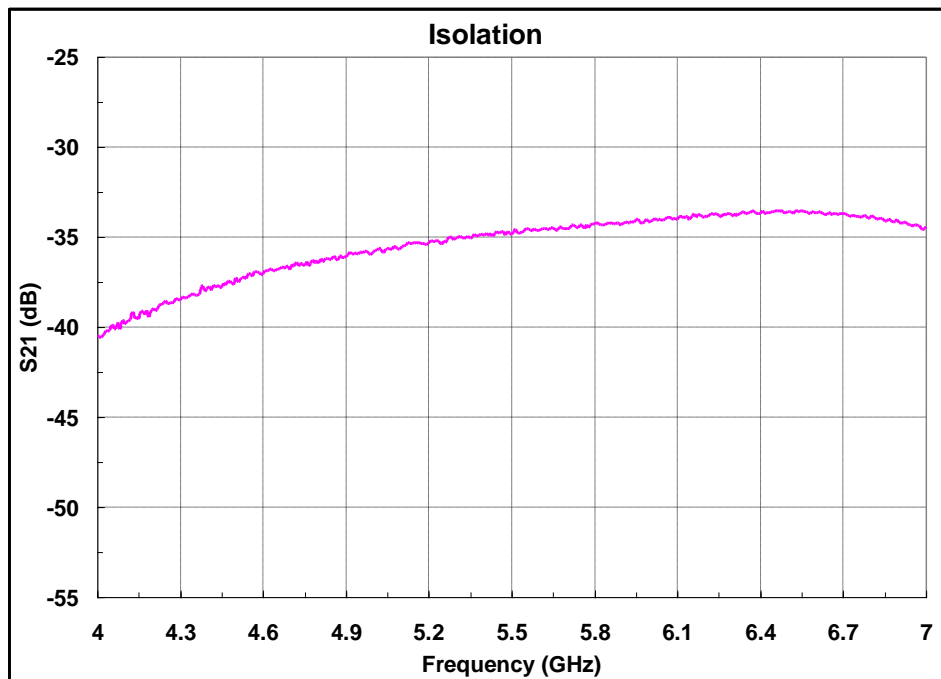
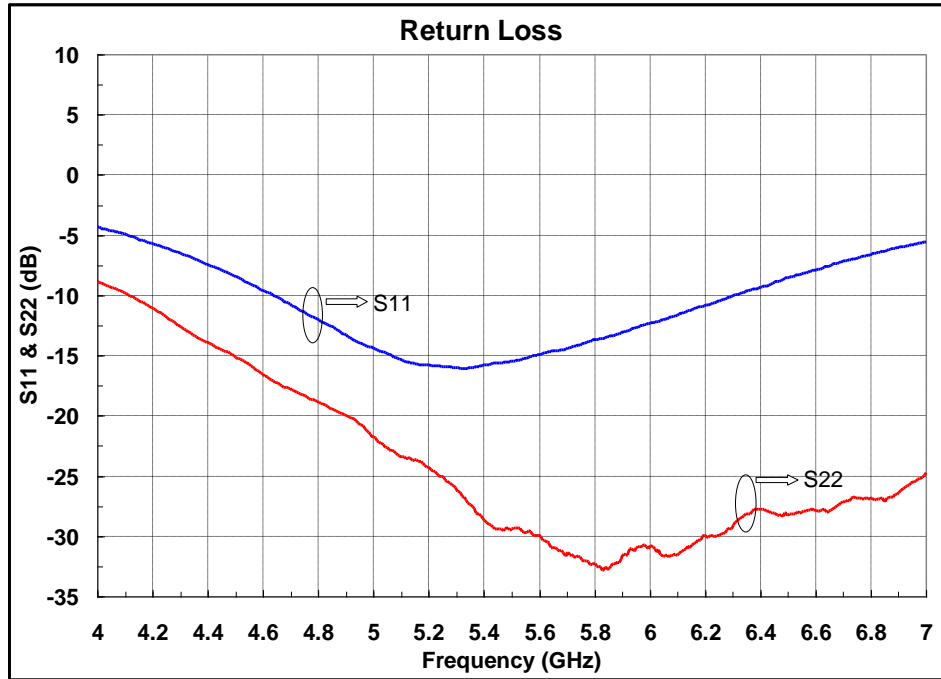
Electrical Specifications ⁽¹⁾@ T_A = 25 °C, V_d = 8V, V_g = -1V Z_o =50 Ω

Parameter	Typ.	Units
Frequency Range	4.4 – 6.6	GHz
Gain	10.5	dB
Gain Flatness	+/-0.5	dB
Output Power (P1 dB)	33.5	dBm
Input Return Loss	10	dB
Output Return Loss	22	dB
Saturated output power (P _{sat})	34.5	dBm
Output Third Order Intercept (IP3)	43	dBm
Power Added Efficiency (PAE)	30%	--
Supply Current (I _{dq})	650	mA
Supply Current (I _{dsat})	870	mA

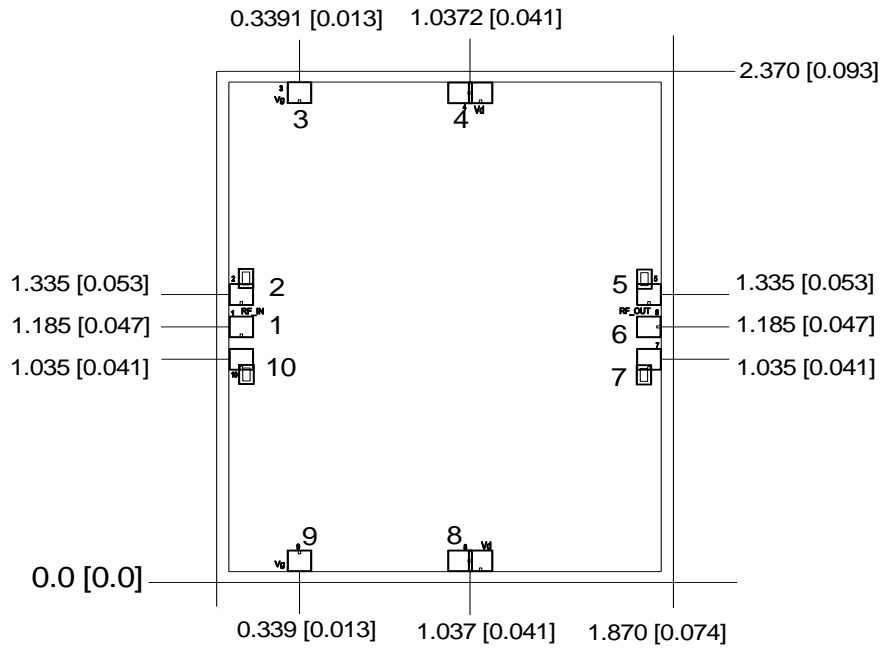
Note:

1. T_B – MMIC base temperature
2. Measured at output 1dB compression point
3. Operating current should be present in between I_{dq} and I_{dsat}.

Test fixture data
 $V_d = 8V, V_g = -1V, \text{Total Current} = 650 \text{ ma}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$


Test fixture data
 $V_d = 8V, V_g = -1V, \text{Total Current} = 650ma, T_A = 25^\circ C$


Bond Pad Locations

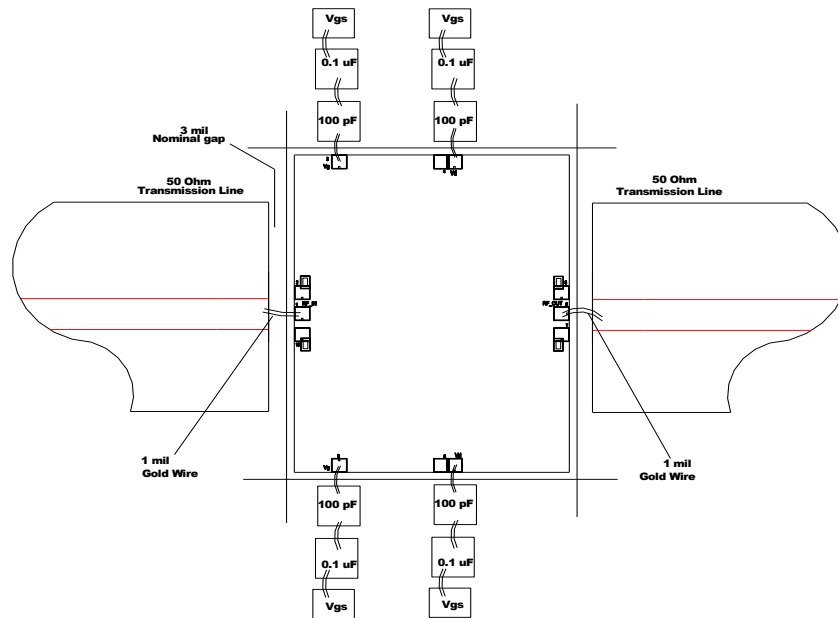


Units: millimeters (inches)

Note:

1. All RF and DC bond pads are 100µm x 100µm
2. Pad no. 1 : RF IN
3. Pad no. 3,9 : Gate voltage(V_g)
4. Pad no. 6 : RF Output
5. Pad no. 4,8 : Drain voltage(V_d)

Recommended Assembly Diagram



Note :

1. Two 1 mil (0.0254mm) bond wires of minimum length should be used for RF input and output.
2. Two 1 mil (0.0254mm) bond wires of minimum length should be used from chip bond pad to 100pF capacitor.
3. Input and output 50 ohm lines are on 5 mil RT Duroid substrate
4. 0.1 μF capacitors may be additionally used as a second level of bypass for reliable operation
5. The RF input & output ports are DC decoupled on-chip.
6. Proper heat sink like Copper tungsten or copper molybdenum to be used for better reliability of chip

Die attach: For Epoxy attachment, use of a two-component conductive epoxy is recommended. An epoxy fillet should be visible around the total die periphery. If Eutectic attachment is preferred, use of fluxless AuSn (80/20) 1-2 mil thick preform solder is recommended. Use of AuGe preform should be strictly avoided.

Wire bonding: For DC pad connections use either ball or wedge bonds. For best RF performance, use of 150 - 200 μm length of wedge bonds is advised. Single Ball bonds of 250-300 μm though acceptable, may cause a deviation in RF performance.



GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to Electrostatic discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly & testing

All information and Specifications are subject to change without prior notice